## SAFE WORK METHOD STATEMENT (SWMS) – ERECT, MODIFY AND DISMANTLE SCAFFOLD



									Date of last review	11 N	IOV 2018
JOB D	ETAILS	3									
Principal Contractor (if any)		TOPSCAFF			Date:						
Person completing the SWMS and responsible for implementing them						Site Address:					
Positic	Position						SWMS prepared by	Jeronimo Arreola			
Work a	activity		Erect,	Erect, Modify and Dismantle Scaffold			Position	Top Scaff OH&S Advisor			
HIGH	RISK W	ORK		□ Risk of a person falling r	nore than 2m		□ Structural alterations that	require temporary support to	□ Involving removal or likely disture	bance of asbestos	
	Does the work activity involve any of the following High Risk Construction Work?				nt of powered mobile plant? (Forklift, it,etc) jized electrical installation or service.		prevent collapse.         Work on or adjacent to roadways or railways use by road or rail traffic.         In an area that may have a contaminated atmosphere		□ In an area where there are artific	ial extremes of tempera	ature.
right.				EWP, Scissor Lift, Bobcat,					□ On or near pressured gas distribution mains or piping.		
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		MENT - ERECTION, MODIFY AND			<b>D</b> : 1	<b>D</b> : 1					
Ref		Job Step Considerations - Scaffolding	Hazaro	3	Risk	RISK COR	ntrol measures				
1.1		Drugs and/or Alcohol	Unable	to work in a safe manner	Unsafe work practices	Persons site.	under the influence of alcohol ar	nd/or drugs are not permitted to	enter the site. The consumption of alco	ohol and/or use of drugs	s are strictly prohibited on
1.2		Integrity of Structure	Scaffo	d Collapse	Hit by object	Scaffold	must be erected according to the	e General Guide for Scaffolds ar	nd Scaffolding Work published by Safe	Work Australia.	
1.3		Power wires	Proxim	ity of wires	Electrocution				Ily from any scaffold or metal member.		
1.4		Erection, alterations or Dismantling Scaffold	People	accessing the work area	Hit by falling object	The area (Horizont	a directly below where the scaffo tal measurement from the base	lders are working including when of the scaffold).	ust be provided to prevent people acce re people can access). Up to: 3m for so	caffold 0 - 5m high; 4m	for scaffold over 5m high
1.5		Unloading/ Loading/ handling Scaffold	Manua	l Handling	Injuries to the body	Check walkway is clear of obstacles; Position yourself close to load; Keep back straight when lifting; Bend with knees keep back straight; Keep lo body; Avoid bending and twisting to lift; Don't carry more that you can comfortably carry; Rotate tasks regularly; Team lifting for heavy components. Avoid wet areas: always use pathways, walkways, scaffold platform and stairs; do not take shortcuts when walking on the site or work area; always use				components.	
1.6		Accessing Site/ work area/ handling scaffold items	Slips,	Trips and Falls	Fall injury	Avoid wet areas; always use pathways, walkways, scaffold platform and stairs; do not take shortcuts when walking on the site or work area; always use har when accessing stairs; always wear issued PPE; be observant - watch out for protruding obstacles. User must be experienced and confident in the safe use of the power tool as recommended by the manufacturer. Adequate PPE to be worn.				, ,	
1.7		Power Tools	Use of	Power Tools	Injury by rotating tools and risk of electric shock.	Check po	st be experienced and confident ower leads are tagged with test t ower leads to ensure they are no	ag with current date.	·····	er. Adequate PPE to be	e worn.
1.8		Incomplete Work	Openings in the scaffold		Falling from scaffold	Before leaving the work area ensure all openings are barricaded off or covered. Fix safety signs where people can access. All unused scaffold items must bundled or palletised.					ed scaffold items must be
1.9		High Winds	Loose	scaffold items	Hit by falling object         All loose items on the scaffold must be removed OR secured. All boards (including lap boards) on exposed decks to be secured with Board Restraining Clamps OR other approved methods.						
2.0 Ere	ection		1		1			<b>D</b> (1)			
2.1		Laying out Scaffold / Erect first lift	Falling	Objects	Hit by falling object	Erect firs	t lift at bottom cluster.	•	Set standards for staggered joins. Hol	d unsupported Standar	rds when erecting the lift.
2.2		Erecting next lift using Sequential Erection system / NO SAFETY HARNESS	Workir	ig at Heights	Falling from scaffold	The risk involves scaffolde It should internal g	of external falls from the open s the one-bay-at-a-time sequentia ars are not required to walk furth be noted that where platform bra guard rails should also be installe	sides and ends of the scaffold ca al installation of standards and g er than one bay length along an ackets ("hop-ups") are to be insta	an be reasonably controlled by adoptin uardrails (or guardrails alone where st exposed edge of a scaffold platform. I lled later, where the adjacent structure	andards are already in Dismantling is simply a	place). This ensures that reverse of the sequence.
	_		Workir	ig at Heights	Falling from scaffold		ix ties from a full deck				
2.3		Installation of Ties	Falling	objects	Hit by falling object		eave unsecured objects on the se llow the scaffold to free stand me		alling the first tie.		
2.4		Installation of Mechanical Anchors	Ancho	r fails to hold	Structural collapse				s instructions and technical specification	ons. If unsure contact To	op Scaff representative.
2.5		Installation of Hop up Brackets			Falling from Scaffold	Ensure h	opup brackets are erected from	a full scaffold deck. Erect hopu	p brackets from behind the standards.		
2.6		Installation of Hop up Brackets	Work	ing at Heights	Falling from Scaffold		opup brackets are erected from pup brackets from behind the sta				

Ref		Job Step	Hazard	Risk	Risk control measures		
2.7		Fitting tie bars	Working at Heights	Falling from Scaffold	Last hopup wedge to remain loose. Fit end of tiebar to hopup with loose wedge. Whilst behind standard with one hand around the standard fit the other end of the tie bar to the adjacent hopup bracket (with wedge driven home).		
2.8		Erecting Ladders	Working at Heights	Falling from Scaffold	Ensure ladders are placed progressively from the lowest levels as the scaffold lifts are being erected. Ladder to extend 1m past deck.		
2.9		Erecting alloy stairways Working at Heights Falling fro		Falling from Scaffold	Ensure alloy stairways are placed progressively from the lowest levels as the scaffold lifts are being erected		
2.10		Fixing / Removing shade cloth	Working at Heights	Falling from scaffold/structure	Always fix shade cloth from a full deck.		
			Falling objects	Hit by falling object	Ensure shade cloth is fixed to the scaffold by tie wire at a maximum of 1m apart vertically and horizontally. All gaps or holes in the shade cloth to be filled with similar material.		
3.0 Dis	smantle	e and Modify					
3.1		Inspection prior to start	Integrity of structure	Structural collapse	Visible inspection of scaffold by a competent person for damage or dislodgement of components before access.		
3.2		Accessing Scaffold	Working at heights	Falling from scaffold	Access the scaffold by ladder or stair. Do not climb the standards		
3.3		Removing Scaffold components	Working at heights	Falling from scaffold	All components such as shade cloth, Chain Wire, Hop Ups, Tie Bars, and Plywood should be undertaken from a full deck.		
3.4		Placing Dismantled items of scaffold	Scaffold Collapse	Hit by falling scaffold	Ensure scaffold bays are not overloaded. Scaffold must not exceed design load. Check with Top Scaff Representative when unsure.		
3.4			Loose items	Tripping, slipping	Always maintain tidy work area. Always remove scaffold items from decks and palletise. Do not leave loose material on decks. Do not throw items.		
3.5		Dismantling Deck (with a deck in place every 2m) NO SAFETY HARNESS	Working at heights	Falling from scaffold	<ol> <li>Access second deck down by stair/ ladder.</li> <li>Dismantle boards from top deck.</li> <li>Access platform or reach up standing on ledger behind handrail and dismantle standards, ledgers and transoms from top deck.</li> <li>Dismantle transoms from (full) deck below.</li> <li>Pass boards down to lower levels.</li> <li>Repeat steps 1 to 5 for each bay; step 6 for each deck of boards.</li> </ol>		
3.6		Dismantling Toe Boards	Falling objects	Hit by falling object	Before lifting a board ensure the adjacent board is held in place. Lift the toeboard from the end and turn the adjacent board towards the centre of the deck to prevent it from dislodging. Transfer the dismantled steel board to a clear location for stacking		
3.7		Removal of Ties	Scaffold Collapse	Hit by falling object	Do not allow the scaffold to free stand more than 4.0 metres. Remove the ties progressively as the scaffold is dismantled.		
3.8		Removal of Stairs	Working at heights	Falling from scaffold	Access scaffold by stair. Remove ledgers, transoms and standards above top Stairway. Place two boards 1.0m down from top Stairway. Access boards to assist in removing Stairway. Additional scaffolder standing on the Stairway below to assist in removing top Stairway.		
3.9		Removal of Ladder Access	Working at heights	Falling from scaffold	Access scaffold from ladder. Place temporary deck of two boards to assist in removing ledgers, transoms and standards Remove ladder and pass down to next lift		
4.0 Sit	e speci	ific Hazards (to be completed by Su	upervising Scaffolder if applicable)				
4.1		Erect Scaffold next to a live edge over 15m above ground.	Working at Heights	Falling from Scaffold, fatal injury	Use of a fall arrest device		
4.2							

Staff 1	Staff 2			
	Otall Z	Staff 3	Staff 4	Staff 5
Scaffolder 🗆 Labourer 🗆	Scaffolder □ Labourer □	Scaffolder 🗆 Labourer 🗆	Scaffolder   Labourer	Scaffolder 🗆 Labourer 🗆
Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆
Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆
Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆
Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆	Yes 🗆 No 🗆 N/A 🗆
	Yes       No       N/A         Yes       No       N/A         Yes       No       N/A         Yes       No       N/A         Yes       No       N/A	Yes       No       N/A       Yes       No       N/A         Yes       No       N/A       Yes       No       N/A	Yes       No       N/A       Yes       No       N/A         Yes       No       N/A       Yes       No       N/A	Yes         No         N/A         Yes         No <t< td=""></t<>

\* We record that we attended the 'tool box' meeting and have discussed, understood and agree with the risks and control measures within the Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) for this specific job and work site. Should there be a requirement to carry out any work not covered by this Safe Work Method Statement (SWMS) then, a further Risk Assessment will be written and a 'tool box' talk held to discuss and agree to the method to be used before the work is carried out.

## REFERENCES

- Victorian OH&S Act 2004

Victorian OH&S Regulations 2017

- Fall Preventions for Scaffolders / Worksafe VIC Guidance Note

- AS/NZS 4576: 1995 – Guidelines for scaffolding

AS 1576 (series) Scaffolding
 General Guide For Scaffolds and Scaffolding Work / Safe Work Australia